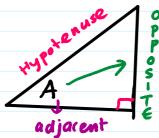
#### Solving right angled triangles

26 February 2020 12:45

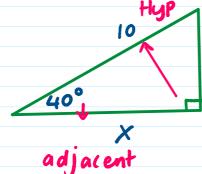
#### method

1) Label the sides in relation to the given angle



- 2) Using the sides find which trig ratio to use Sin = 0/H (os = 9/H Tan= 0/9
  - 3) Using the trig ratio, the given angle and the sides guen and needed - make an equation

Eg1) Find the value of X

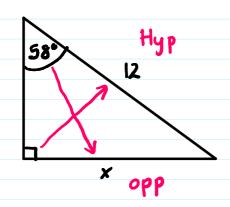


Cos 
$$40^{\circ} = \frac{x}{10^{\circ}}$$
 Equation

$$10 \cos 40^{\circ} = X$$
  
 $7.66 = X$ 

Eg2) Find X

Trig ratio



$$\frac{\sigma}{H} = \sin \frac{\pi}{12}$$

$$12 \frac{\pi}{5 \sin 58^{\circ}} = \frac{\chi}{12}$$

$$12 \sin 58 = X$$
 $10.18 = X$ 

# Pg '441 Q 3



T&Th 22.4 Solving rig...



T&Th 22.4 Solving rig...

## **Trigonometry**



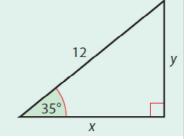


### **Section 22.4 Solving right-angled triangles**

### Example 1

Find the lengths of the sides marked *x* and *y* in the given triangle.

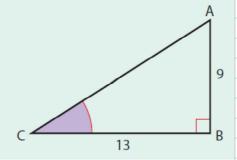
Give your answers correct to 1 decimal place.



### Example 2

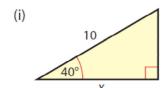
In the given triangle, |AB|=9 and |BC|=13.

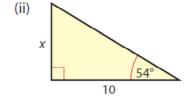
Find  $|\angle ACB|$ , correct to the nearest degree.

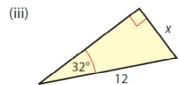


#### Exercise 22.4

**1.** Write down which trigonometric ratio is needed to calculate the length of the side marked *x* in each of these triangles:

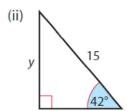


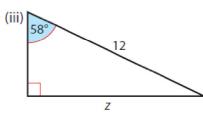




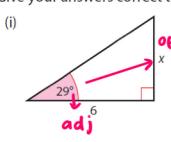
2. In each of the following triangles, work out the length of the side marked with a letter. Give each answer correct to 1 decimal place.

(i) 7

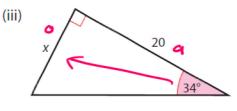




**3.** Find the length of the side marked *x* in these triangles. Give your answers correct to one decimal place.



15 x 0



Tan 29= X

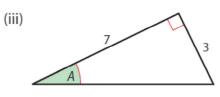
15 Tan 48 = 15 X

$$\tan 34 = \frac{x}{20}$$

**4.** Find the size of the angle marked *A* in each of these triangles. Give your answers correct to the nearest degree.

i) <sub>3</sub>

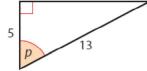
(ii) 10



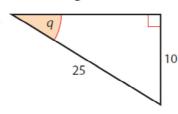
HIW

**5.** Find the measure of the angles marked p, q and r in each of these triangles. Give each answer correct to the nearest degree.

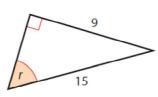
(i)



(iii



(iii)



HIW

**6.** Copy and complete the following to find the length of the side marked x.

$$\frac{8}{x} = \cos 32^{\circ}$$

$$x \times \cos 32^{\circ} = 8$$

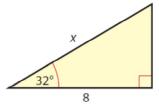
#### HIW

**6.** Copy and complete the following to find the length of the side marked x.

$$\frac{8}{x} = \cos 32^{\circ}$$

$$x \times \cos 32^{\circ} = 8$$

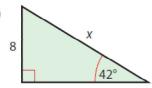
$$x = \frac{8}{\cos 32^{\circ}}$$



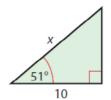
Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

**7.** Find the length of the hypotenuse marked x in each of these triangles:

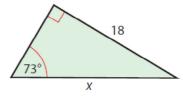
(i)



(ii)

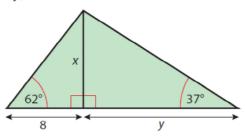


(iii)

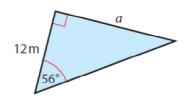


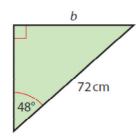
Give each answer correct to 1 decimal place.

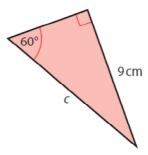
**8.** Find the values of x and y, correct to the nearest whole number, in the given triangle.



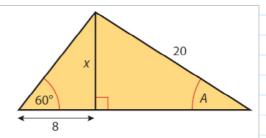
**9.** Work out the length of the side marked with a letter in each of the following triangles. Give each answer correct to 1 decimal place.



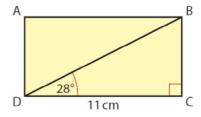




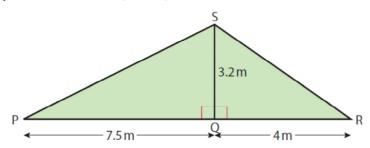
- 10. In the given triangle, find
  - (i) x, correct to 1 decimal place
  - (ii) the angle A, correct to the nearest degree.



11. ABCD is a rectangle as shown.
If |DC| = 11 cm and |∠BDC| = 28°, find the length of the diagonal [DB].
Give your answer in centimetres, correct to one decimal place.



**12.** The diagram represents the frame, PQRS, of a roof.



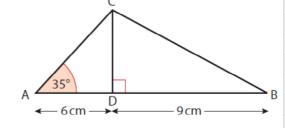
|PQ| = 7.5 m, |QR| = 4 m and |SQ| = 3.2 m.

- (i) Calculate the length of [PS].
- (ii) Find  $|\angle SRQ|$ , correct to the nearest degree.

**13.** In the given diagram, |AD| = 6 cm, |DB| = 9 cm,  $|\angle CAD| = 35^{\circ}$  and  $CD \perp AB$ .

Find (i) |CD|, correct to 1 decimal place

(ii) |∠CBD|, correct to the nearest degree.



### **Answers**

#### Exercise 22.4

- **1.** (i) Cos
- (ii) Tan (iii) Sin

- **2.** (i) 3.8
- (ii) 10.0
- (iii) 10.2
- **3.** (i) 3.3 (ii) 16.7 (iii) 13.5

- **4.** (i) 37° **5.** (i) 67°
- (ii) 46°
- (iii) 23°

- (ii) 24° (iii) 37°
- **6.** x = 9.4
- **7.** (i) 12.0 (ii) 15.9 (iii) 18.8

- **8.** x = 15, y = 20
- **9.**  $a = 17.8 \,\mathrm{m}, b = 53.5 \,\mathrm{cm}, c = 10.4 \,\mathrm{cm}$
- **10.** (i) 13.9 (ii) 44°
- **11.** 12.5 cm
- **12.** (i) 8.2 m (ii) 39°
- **13.** (i) 4.2 cm (ii) 25°